Advanced Cell & Gene Therapy

CMC Due Diligence for CGT Products: Asking the Right Questions

Scott Burger, MD

CHI BioProcessing Summit August 20, 2024



Advanced Cell & Gene Therapy

Q. Where to begin due diligence?

- Q. Where to begin due diligence?
- A. Focus on four key areas:
 - 1. Product definition and characterization
 - 2. Manufacturing
 - 3. Quality Assurance
 - 4. Regulatory

1. How is the product defined?

- 1. How is the product defined?
 - Review QTPP (if any)
 - Is there a phase-appropriate understanding of CQAs?
 - Hypothesized mechanism of action?
 - Specifications? In-process and release testing tables.
 - Startup: Plans for further analytical development, refinement of specifications
 - Later-stage: Specifications finalized

- 1. How is the product defined?
- 2. Is analytical method development phase-appropriate?

- 1. How is the product defined?
- 2. Are analytical methods relevant, well-controlled, and phase-appropriate?
 - Analytical method SOPs, method qualification reports, test results
 - Phase I-II: Assays qualified
 - Phase III: Assays validated
 - Stability-indicating assays
 - Is there a phase-appropriate stability testing plan?

- 1. How is the product defined?
- 2. Are analytical methods relevant, well-controlled, and phase-appropriate?
- 3. Is potency testing phase-appropriate?

- 1. How is the product defined?
- 2. Are analytical methods relevant, well-controlled, and phase-appropriate?
- 3. Is potency testing phase-appropriate?
 - Phase I-II: Potency testing development plan, development reports
 - End of Phase III/BLA: Potency testing validated

1. What is the manufacturing process?

- 1. Is the manufacturing process defined and phase-appropriate?
 - Use of closed-systems and (semi-)automated process technology?
 - Process flow diagram(s), batch records, and SOPs
 - Process run data
 - Manufacturing process risk analysis report
 - Process development reports and plans. Comparability reports and plans.
 - Process qualification report. Process validation plan.
 - Phase-appropriate understanding of CPPs? Process control system.
 - How often does the process fail?
 - Has there been a successful tech transfer of the manufacturing process?

- 1. Is the manufacturing process defined and phase-appropriate?
- 2. What materials are used?

- 1. What is the manufacturing process?
- 2. What materials are used?
 - Ancillary materials (reagents)
 - Quality? Phase-appropriate qualification (materials and suppliers)
 - Sole-supplier materials? Primary animal-origin materials? Human-origin material? Novel excipient(s)?
 - Raw materials risk assessment and mitigation plan? (Phase II or later)
 - Risk mitigations in place?

- 1. What is the manufacturing process?
- 2. What materials are used?
 - Cells, tissues, viral vectors
 - Source(s), control, testing, GTP compliance
 - Vector manufacturer qualified? May need site visit.

- 1. What is the manufacturing process?
- 2. What materials are used?
- 3. Is the manufacturing facility suitable?

- 1. What is the manufacturing process?
- 2. What materials are used?
- 3. Is the manufacturing facility suitable?
 - Is manufacturing in-house or contracted out? (If CDMO is used, pay a visit)
 - Equipment
 - Staffing levels, training, management expertise
 - Quality systems GMP/GTP infrastructure

- 1. What is the manufacturing process?
- 2. What materials are used?
- 3. Is the manufacturing facility suitable?
- 4. What are the projected costs?

- 1. What is the manufacturing process?
- 2. What materials are used?
- 3. Is the manufacturing facility suitable?
- 4. What are the projected costs?
 - Product yield?
 - Cost per dose?
 - Scalability? (scale-out/scale-up)

Quality System

1. Is the quality system robust and effective?

Quality System

- 1. Is the quality system robust and effective?
 - Critically important for any due diligence project work with an experienced quality consultant
 - Is QA independent? Is the quality system phase-appropriate?
 - Does the operation function per the quality manual? SOPs followed? Sign-offs?
 - Does QA interact with other teams well?
 - Academic research labs -- no formal quality systems, but DD should still assess basic quality practices, reliability of data

Regulatory

1. Is the product encountering, or likely to encounter, regulatory problems?

Regulatory

- 1. Is the product encountering, or likely to encounter, regulatory problems?
 - Investigate regulatory aspects *early* in due diligence
 - Regulatory submissions -- briefing documents, INDs
 - Regulatory meetings meeting minutes, follow-up interactions
 - Regulatory correspondence

• Fear of missing opportunity, overwhelming enthusiasm for deal

- Fear of missing opportunity, overwhelming enthusiasm for deal
- Reliance on summary documents instead of primary records

- Fear of missing opportunity, overwhelming enthusiasm for deal
- Reliance on summary documents instead of primary records
- Insufficient review of regulatory submissions and feedback

- Fear of missing opportunity, overwhelming enthusiasm for deal
- Reliance on summary documents instead of primary records
- Insufficient review of regulatory submissions and feedback
- Insufficient attention to quality aspects

- Fear of missing opportunity, overwhelming enthusiasm for deal
- Reliance on summary documents instead of primary records
- Insufficient review of regulatory submissions and feedback
- Insufficient attention to quality aspects
- Inadequate evaluation of comparability; challenges not fully recognized

- Fear of missing opportunity, overwhelming enthusiasm for deal
- Reliance on summary documents instead of primary records
- Insufficient review of regulatory submissions and feedback
- Insufficient attention to quality aspects
- Inadequate evaluation of comparability; challenges not fully recognized
- Academic or Phase I/II startup: limited or unavailable data
 - "Can you put the data in my hands?"
 - Golden glow of illustrious founders

- Fear of missing opportunity, overwhelming enthusiasm for deal
- Reliance on summary documents instead of primary records
- Insufficient review of regulatory submissions and feedback
- Insufficient attention to quality aspects
- Inadequate evaluation of comparability; challenges not fully recognized
- Academic or Phase I/II startup: limited or unavailable data
- Pharma companies, for acquisition by Big(ger) Pharma
 - Assumption that CMC and regulatory must be satisfactory. Minimal due diligence on technical and regulatory aspects.

Sources of Information

- Product TPP, QTPP
- Organizational chart, table of SOPs, quality manual
- Regulatory submissions, meeting minutes, correspondence
- Scientific Foundation
 - Recent grant proposals and reviewer comments
 - Scientific/technical publications
- Manufacturing
 - Process descriptions, flow diagrams. batch record template(s) and examples, batch record audit report. Process qualification and validation – description, SOP, reports.
 - Example PD plan, PD reports, technology transfer report(s)
 - Process control program
- Testing
 - In-house analytical methods, equipment, IQs, OQs, PQs performed, outlier and trend analysis. Example analytical method SOP, development report, validation report, outsourced testing, proficiency survey reports
- Materials
 - Materials management system description and SOP. Raw materials qualification plan, reports
 - Receiving inspection, sampling, testing and disposition of raw materials SOPs
- Facility
 - Manufacturing facility description(s) and layout(s), facility validation report.
 Certifications, accreditations, and licenses. Regulatory and accreditation inspection documents.
 - Briefing document(s) and minutes of facility-related regulatory interactions

QA

- CAPA plan, CAPA/deviation/nonconformance/complaint SOPs and reports
- Validation master plan
- Establishing specifications SOP
- CoA generation, product release SOPs
- Vendor qualification plan and reports, management and monitoring SOPs, tables of suppliers and contract service providers, quality agreements in place, example supplier quality agreement, purchasing controls
- SOPs for staff training, proficiency testing SOPs, training matrices by function
- List of manufacturing and facilities equipment, IQs, OQs, PQs performed.
 Equipment management, qualification, calibration and maintenance SOPs
- Risk management SOP. Internal audit SOP(s) and log. Handling and investigation of OOS results SOP(s)
- Sampling plan SOP
- Labeling control program SOP(s). Data integrity program SOP. Software validation program, validation examples - analytical and manufacturing software
- Cleaning, EM, PM SOPs, EM reports, cleaning records, trend data. Personnel aseptic technique/gowning qualifications
- SOPs for line clearance/product changeover
- Change control SOP(s)

CDMO

- Template facilities section for client's regulatory submissions.
- Descriptions of manufacturing platforms, analytical systems.
- Project management practices and policies. Redacted project proposals, descriptions of recent projects.
- Numbers and types of CGT products developed and manufactured, and stage of development.